
非侵入式頻域光子遷移檢測系統
之微型化接收機研製

**Investigation and Design of Miniature Receivers
for Non-Invasive Frequency Domain Photon
Migration Examination Systems**

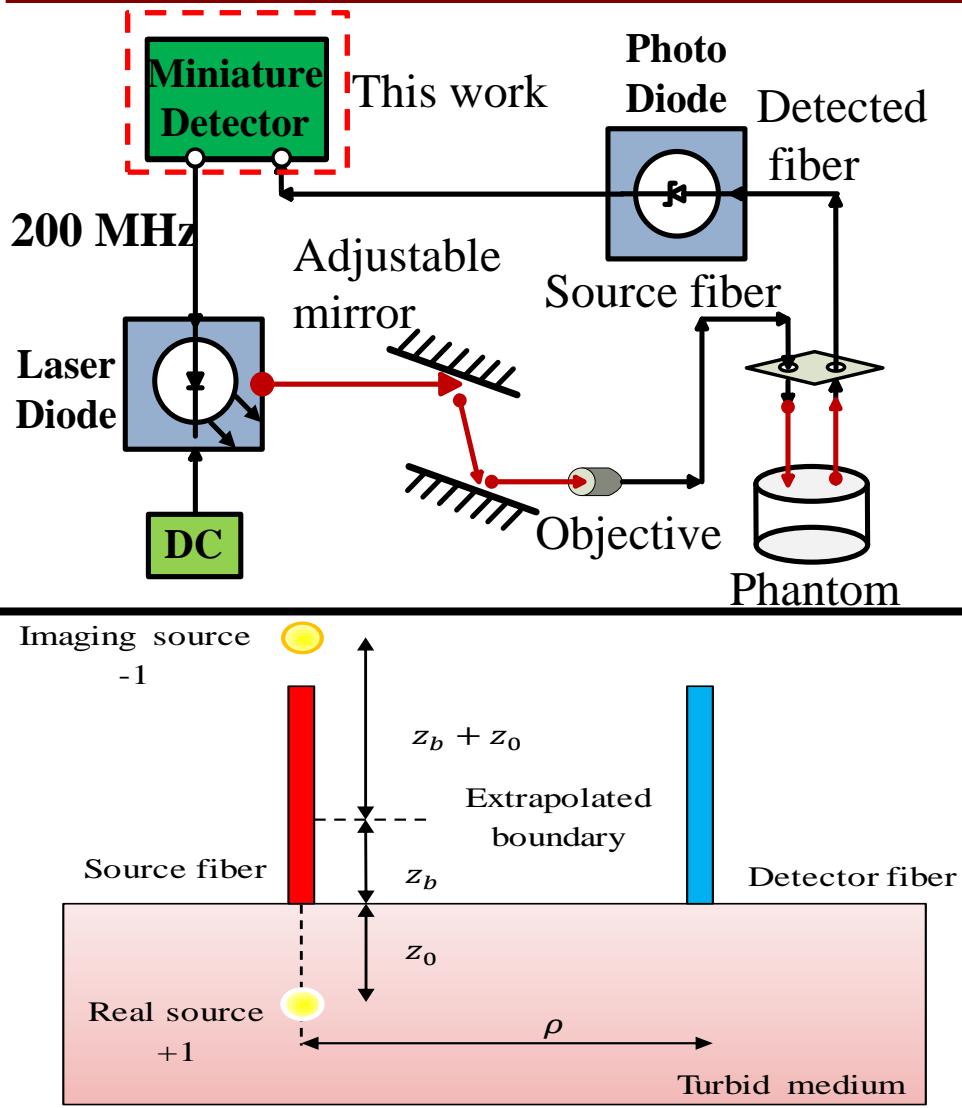
國立成功大學 電機工程研究所 儀器系統與晶片組
無線創新系統及應用電磁實驗室
(Wireless Innovation System and EM-applied Lab)

Advisor: 楊慶隆 教授 Chin-Lung Yang
Student: 陳柏安 Po-An Chen



Wireless Innovation System and
EM-applied Lab.

FDPM System and Theory



Based on diffusion theory

$$R = C_1 \phi - C_2 D \nabla \phi \cdot (-\hat{z})$$

$$D \equiv [3(\mu_a + \mu'_s)]^{-1}$$

$$\phi = \frac{P}{4\pi D} \left[\frac{\exp(-kr_s)}{r_s} - \frac{\exp(-kr_i)}{r_i} \right]$$

$$D \nabla \phi \cdot (-\hat{z}) = \frac{P}{4\pi} \left[Z_o \left(k + \frac{1}{r_s} \right) \frac{\exp(-kr_s)}{r_s^2} + (z_o + 2z_b) \times \left(k + \frac{1}{r_i} \right) \frac{\exp(-kr_i)}{r_i^2} \right]$$

$$k = k_{\text{real}} + ik_{\text{imag}}$$

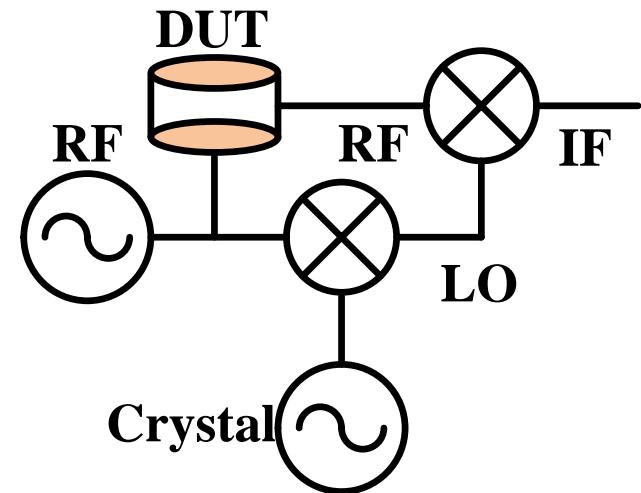
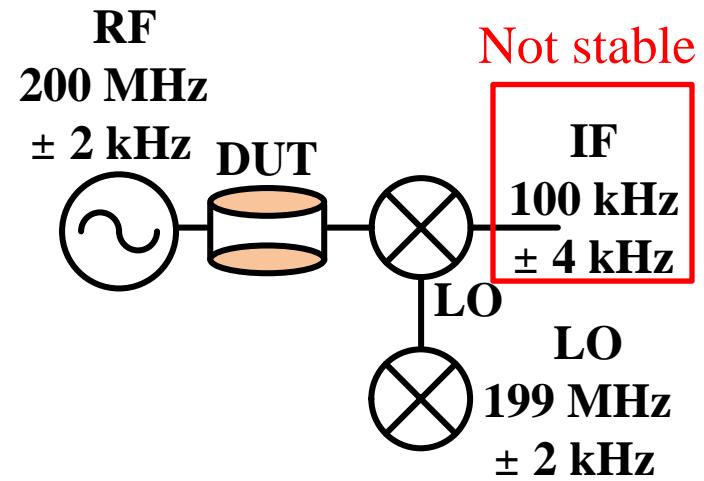
$$k_{\text{real}} = \left[\frac{3}{2} \mu_a (\mu_a + \mu'_s) \right]^{1/2} \left\{ \left[1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\mu_a c} \right)^2 \right]^{1/2} - 1 \right\}^{1/2}$$

$$k_{\text{imag}} = \left[\frac{3}{2} \mu_a (\mu_a + \mu'_s) \right]^{1/2} \left\{ \left[1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\mu_a c} \right)^2 \right]^{1/2} + 1 \right\}^{1/2}$$



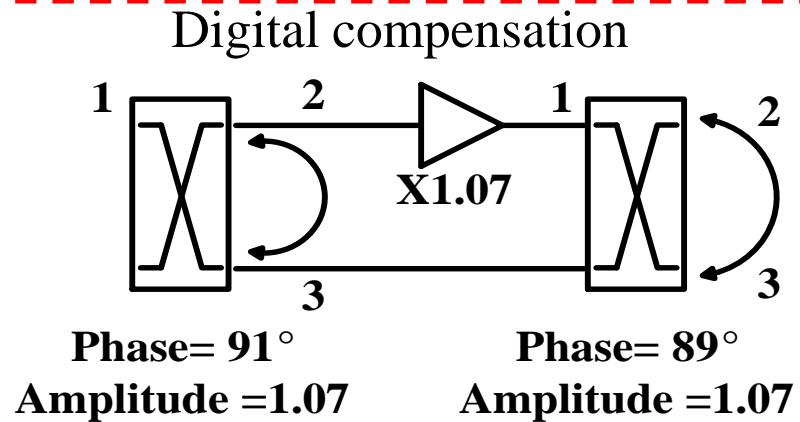
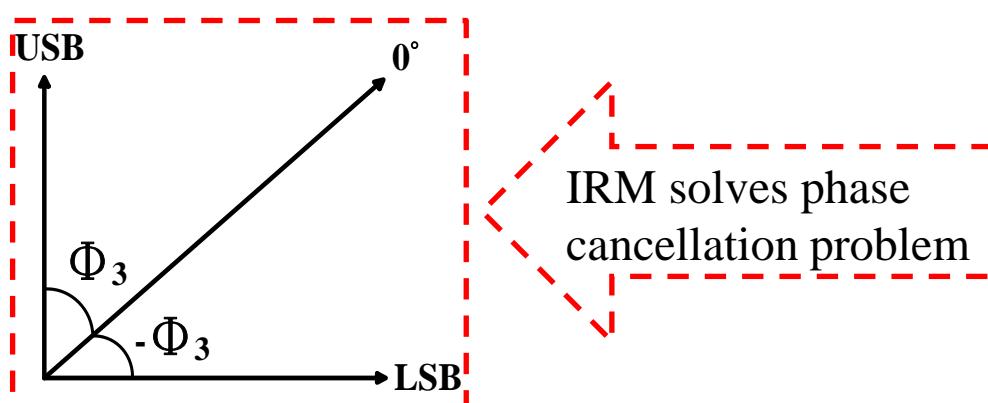
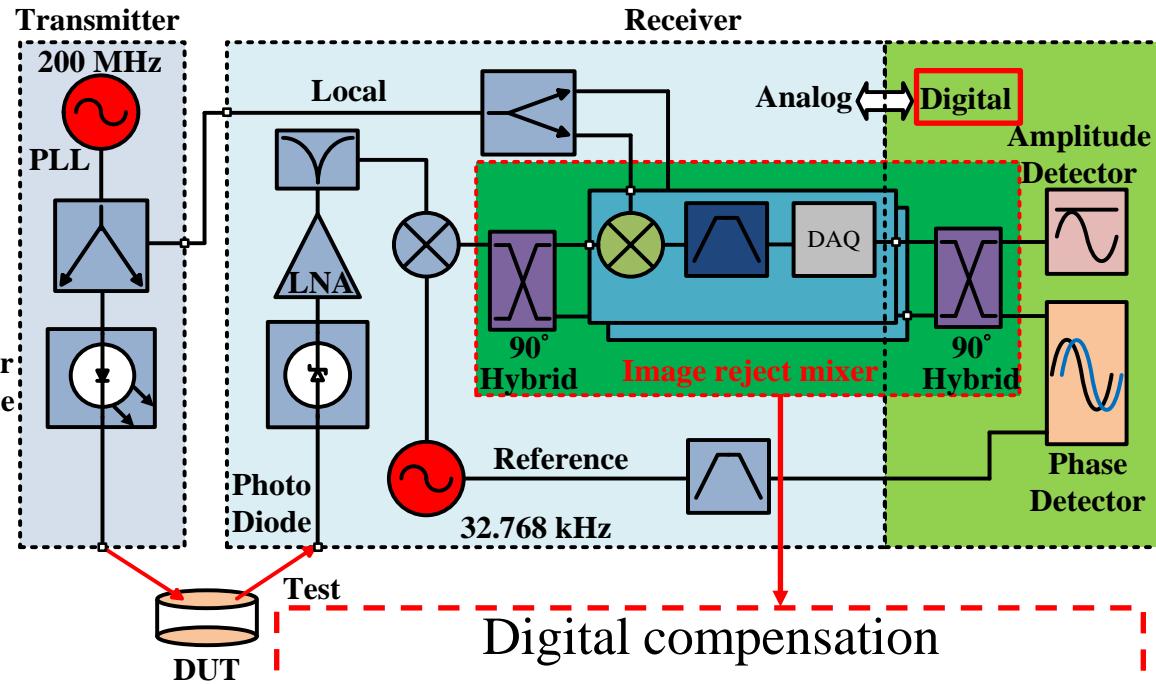
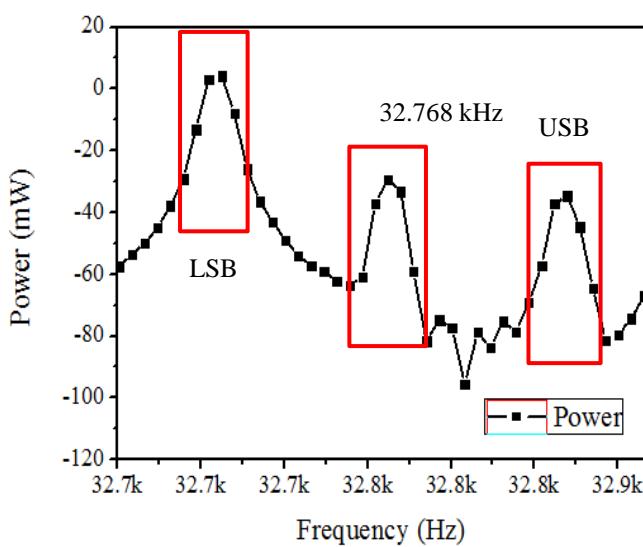
Receiver Structure Analysis

- Disadvantages of separate signal source FDPM receiver
 - Need two independent RF and local signal sources
 - Frequency stability is an severe issue
- Joint source FDPM receiver
 - Need only one RF signal source
 - Ideally, don't need very stable source
- Serious problem in joint structure
 - Phase cancellation (DSB)



Receiver Block Diagram

IRR=40 dB



Experiment Setup and Results

SP12	μ_a	μ_s'	Error of μ_a	Error of μ_s'
NA	0.0278	3.8313		
Proposed	0.0264	3.9608	4.67 %	-3.38 %

